

BALFOUR

OF BURLEIGH

JOHN BALFOUR OF BALGARVY, was said to have been a younger son of Sir Michael de Balfour of Strathor but there is no proof of this. He was sheriff of Fife and in this capacity he was witness to a charter by George Balfour of Montquhannie to James Balfour, his natural son, for the lands of Bello on 26 February 1458.¹ He had a grant of the lands of Easter and Wester Balgarvy from James II. which is narrated in a charter under the Great Seal for these lands to his grandson and heir Michael Balfour of Burleigh, on 16 February 1506.² He was a servant to James II. when Duke of Rothesay, was keeper of Falkland Castle and *d.* by 1486. He *m.* a woman by the name of Elizabeth, and was father of :

MICHAEL BALFOUR OF BURLEIGH, had a charter of the lands of Burleigh and Tulery 1456. As son of the deceased John Balfour he had payments from the lands of Balgarvy in 1486, and from Star in 1495. He had a charter for the lands of Balfla and a tenement in the town of Falkland on 3 November, 1459, and in which it is stated that he must be ready at all times to house and provide for twenty persons and their horses whenever the King comes to Falkland.³ His wife's christian name was Margaret and who granted a resignation to the King of her lands of Burleigh and Mill of Forthar on 30 April, 1471,⁴ but her surname is not known. She was in the Queen's household, and appears to have acted as her treasurer. He was father of :

1. Michael Balfour, (*see below*).

¹ RMS 1424-1513. No. 701

² RMS 1424-1513. No. 2940 See also PA2/7/f.97v-r in which the King takes the advice of the three estates as to the validity of the previous grant by James II. to John Balfour of these lands and regranted them to Michael Balfour, his servant.

³ GD63/1a

⁴ GD63/

2. Elizabeth Balfour, *m.* Robert Douglas, son of Sir Henry Douglas of Lochleven. Her father granted them the lands of Aucheveyne, in the Barony of Kinross, following a contract of marriage on 10 March, 1475.¹

MICHAEL BALFOUR OF BURLEIGH, had a charter under the Great Seal for the barony of Burleigh on 5 July 1490, in which he is styled as son and heir to the King's "Armiger" Michael Balfour of Burleigh.² He was Knighted by King James IV. prior to February of 1505, and *d.* between July 1525 and April 1526. He *m.* firstly prior to 8 June 1476, Elizabeth Douglas when she had a charter from his father for the lands of Tulerly, in the Barony of Burleigh,³ and secondly, before 11 July 1502, Margaret Muschet, probably daughter of Muschat of Tolgarth, when they had a charter under the Great Seal for the lands of Mochaster and others in the Lordship of Strathgartney, to be held by them jointly.⁴ He was father of :

DAVID BALFOUR OF BURLEIGH, succeeded his father in his appointment in the Royal Household, and was infeft in the lands of Mochastel and Dullater, in Menteith, upon his father's resignation on 22 July, 1522.⁵ He and his wife had a grant of the barony of Burleigh on the resignation of his father as above mentioned. On 9 May 1528 he had a grant of the lands of Kinloch and *d.* prior to 3 October, 1531, when his eldest son and heir, Michael Balfour, was retoured his heir.⁶ He *m.* Agnes, daughter of Sir Duncan Forrester of Torwood, and was father of :

1. Michael Balfour of Burliegh, (*see below*).
2. Walter Balfour, to whom his elder brother Michael bequeathed 200merks.
3. Robert Balfour, who was father of :
 - 3a) David Balfour, mentioned in his uncle Michael Balfour's will.
4. Margaret Balfour, *m.* Robert Douglas of Lochleven.

¹ GD150/15

² RMS 1424-1513. No. 1960

³ GD150/16

⁴ RMS 1424-1513. No. 2657

⁵ GD63/1

⁶ GD63/1

5. A daughter, apparently *m.* Andrew Seton of Parbroath.

MICHAEL BALFOUR OF BURLEIGH, retoured heir to his father in the lands of Star, West and East Balgarvie, Half of Kinloch, and others, on 3 October, 1531, and had a charter of confirmation for the middle-part of the lands of Kinloch on 18 June 1566. He *m.* prior to 1545, Christian, third daughter of John Bethune of Creich, with whom he had a charter under the Great Seal for the lands of Burleigh on 25 June 1553.¹ He *d.* on 29 November 1577, and was father of :

MARGARET BALFOUR, HEIRESS OF BURLEIGH, to whom a gift of the ward of the ward of the lands of Schanwell and Hiltoun was made on 15 April 1584, for the terms from the death of her grandfather, David Balfour of Burleigh, or Agnes Forrester, spouse to the said David.² Despite her husband's forfeiture, on 27 January 1580, she had a Gift from the King of all her lands and possessions "understanding that Dame Margaret Balfour, the onlie dochter and air of umquhile Michael Balfour of Burlie, in hir young and tender age wes be her said umquhile father joynit in mareage with Schir James Balfour of Pittindreich, knycht, quha now be process of forfaltour led agains him is decernit to bruik na benifices, lands, rowmes, possessions nor heretage and that the said Dame Margaret is innocent of all crymes laid to the said Sir James."³ She *m.* Sir James Balfour of Pittendreich, son of Sir Michael Balfour of Montquhanny, *d.* in 1590, and prior to 15 December of that year when the ward of her lands was gifted under the Privy Seal to Sir Robert Melville of Murdocairney.⁴ They had issue :

1. Michael Balfour of Burleigh, (*see below*).

2. James Balfour, Lord Balfour of Glenawley, had a charter to himself in fee and to his parents in liferent of the lands of Costertoun in the lordship of Musselburgh, from the Commendator of Dunfermline, which was confirmed 28 March 1587. He was prior of the Charterhouse, Perth, before 19 December 1592, but resigned that office prior to 1 February 1599. In 1617 he is styled Sir James Balfour of Pitcullo, "frater Michaelis Domini Balfour de Burlie." On 8 November 1619 he was created Lord Balfour, Baron Glenawley, co. Fermanagh, in the Peerage of Ireland.

¹ RMS 1547-1580. No. 806

² RPS Vol. VIII. No. 2004

³ RPS Vol. VII. No. 2207

⁴ GD26/3/924

He *d.* in London, and was buried on the 24 October 1634 at St. Anne's, Blackfriars. He *m.*, firstly, Grizel, eldest daughter of Patrick Balfour of Pitcullo, (*c/m* at Burleigh and Pitcullo on 17 & 20 October 1588¹), with whom he obtained the lands of Pitcullo in implementation of their contract of marriage. He *m.*, secondly, Isobella Hay and, thirdly, Anne, daughter of Edward, 1st Lord Blaney. By his first wife he had issue :

2a) Alexander Balfour, 2nd Lord Glenawley, who apparently succeeded his father. He was alive in May 1635, but *d.* shortly afterwards.

2a) James Balfour, 3rd Lord Glenawley, who *m.*, before 1634, Anne, daughter of Sir Francis Gouldsmith of Crayford, (she was widow of William Warren). He *dsp* on 26 February 1636, when the title became extinct.

2a) Pearce Balfour, *d.* young.

3. William Balfour, witness to a Wadset by Sir Andrew Balfour of Montquhannie on 26 May 1596.²
4. Henry Balfour, entered the service of the United States of the Netherlands. He was witness to a charter of his brother Michael on 22 April 1600,³ and *d.* prior to 4 August 1615. He *m.* Maria de Leon or Van Leeuwen.
5. David Balfour, also in the same service as his brother Henry. He *m.* on 30 October 1607, Anne, daughter of Sir Paul Bax, and *d.* prior to 6 December 1638.
6. John Balfour, was a soldier in the Low Countries.
7. Marie Balfour, *m.* Walter Arnot of that Ilk.
8. Helen Balfour, *m.* David Barclay of Collernie.

MICHAEL BALFOUR, 1ST LORD BALFOUR OF BURLEIGH, had charters from James Stewart, Earl of Moray, Regent of Scotland and Commendator of St. Andrews, of the lands of Strathkiness, Ballone, and the ecclesiastical lands near Cupar called Kirkfield, 8 September 1567 and 12 July 1568. On 16 July 1607 a charter was granted to him creating him Lord Balfour of Burleigh. He *d.* on 15 March 1619, having *m.* Margaret, daughter of William Lundy of that Ilk, (*c/m* 12 July 1591.⁴ She *d.* in 1625), by whom he was father of,

¹ RMS 1594-1608. No. 160

² NRAS3215/52/3

³ RMS 1594-1608. No. 180

⁴ GD160/285/24

MARGARET BALFOUR, *m.* in 1606, Robert Arnot, eldest son and heir of Robert Arnot of Newton. Previous to the marriage he was received as the adopted son of Lord Balfour, and assumed the name of Balfour. On 15 September 1606, in consideration of the marriage and of large sums of money paid to him, and in pursuance of an agreement entered into between himself and Robert Arnot, senior, of Newton, Lord Balfour resigned his estates into the hands of the King, reserving his own liferent, in order that a new grant might be made in favour of Robert Arnot the younger now called Robert Balfour and Margaret Balfour his intended wife, in conjunct fee ; failing the heirs-male of Robert and Margaret, the lands were destined to Robert's younger brothers seriatim, whom failing, to the nearest and lawful heirs-male of Lord Balfour himself. He *d.* on 10 August 1663, "being ane old man, he departed out of this life att Burley, and was interred at his parish Church the 12 August in the night time."

Margaret Balfour *d.* at Edinburgh in June 1639, and their issue was :

1. John, 3rd Lord Balfour of Burleigh, (*see below*).
2. Anna Balfour, *m.* on 4 February 1627, David, 2nd Earl of Wemyss, and *d.* on 10 November 1649.
3. Margaret Balfour, *m.* Sir John Crawford of Kilbirny, and *dsp.*
4. Isabel Balfour, *m.* Thomas, 1st Lord Ruthven of Freeland, and had issue.
5. Jean Balfour, *m.* James Arnot of Fernie.

JOHN, 3RD LORD BALFOUR OF BURLEIGH, who spend a good deal of his younger days in France, where he was wounded. Coming home through London he met and married without his father's consent, Isabel, daughter of Sir William Balfour of Pitcullo, the then keeper of the Tower of London, with whom he returned to Scotland in March that year. His father, displeased at the marriage, tried in vain to get it annulled in respect it was not consummated on account of his state of health owing to his wound. The matter was referred to the General Assembly in 1649, but nothing was done. He *d.* between 10 December 1696 and 27 February 1697, and was father of :

1. Robert, 4th Lord Balfour of Burleigh, (*see below*).
2. John Balfour of Fernie and Burleigh, upon whom the estates of Burleigh were settled by his brother Robert in 1713. He was a supporter of the Jacobite cause in 1715, and being found guilty

of high treason at Carlisle in 1716, his estates were forfeited. He *m.* Barbara, second daughter of Arthur Ross, Archbishop of Glasgow (*c/m* 7 October 1684¹), *d.* on 8 September 1725,² and was father of,

2a) Arthur Balfour of Fernie, to whom the King made a grant of the lands of Ferny for the use of himself and his brothers and sisters on 19 July 1720. He *m.* firstly, Dorothy Sandford, (*c/m* 21 February 1737.³ She was widow of Christopher Crackenthorp), and secondly, at Edinburgh on 1 June, 1740, to Janet, daughter of George Paterson of Dunmure,⁴ (*c/m* 25 & 31 July 1740.⁵ She *d.* on Friday 15 January 1796⁶). He *d.* in February of 1746 and was father of :

2b) Sandford Balfour of Fernie, *dsp* in 1769 and was succeeded by his brother John.

2b) John Balfour of Fernie, was served heir to his father in the lands and barony of West Fernie on 1 June 1769, and *dsp* at Fernie on 23 July 1795.⁷

2b) Francis Balfour of Fernie, was served heir-general to his brother John Balfour of Fernie on 8 October 1813, and *m.* Amelia, daughter of Henry Balfour of Dunbog. He *d.* at Fernie on 7 May 1818,⁸ and was father of :

2c) Francis Balfour of Fernie, succeeded and was served heir to his father on 11 December 1822, and to both his great-great-grandfather, John, Lord Balfour of Burleigh, and his great-granduncle Robert, Lord Balfour of Burleigh, on 13 May 1824. He *m.* at Woodburn on 4 November 1828, Margaret Georgina, eldest daughter of Graham Bower of Kincaldrum,⁹ (she *d.* at Anglesea Alverstoke, Hampshire, on 6 March 1853¹⁰), and *d.* on 3 December 1854, in his 80th year.¹¹ He was father of :

2d) Francis Walter Balfour of Fernie, *b.* at Edinburgh on 6 January 1830, and succeeded his father, being served heir to him on 16 April 1855. In

¹ MS38262/5

² St. Andrew's Tests.

³ MS38262/5

⁴ OPR – Edinburgh.

⁵ MS38262/5

⁶ Caledonian Mercury. 21st January 1756, edition.

⁷ Caledonian Mercury. 27th July 1795, edition.

⁸ Scots Magazine. 1st June 1818, edition.

⁹ Edinburgh Evening Courant. 6th November 1828, edition.

¹⁰ Morning Post. 10th March 1853, edition.

¹¹ Morning Post. 11th December 1854, edition.

1862 he was one of the claimants to the Balfour of Burleigh Peerage although he was unsuccessful on account of his ancestor's attainder. He *m.* at Kindrogan on 25 October 1866, to Jane Amelia, second daughter and eventual heiress of Patrick Small Keir of Kindrogan,¹ *d.* at Kindrogan on 24 February 1909,² and was father of :

2e) Francis Balfour of Fernie, *b.* on 25 August 1867, and *m.* at Chiselhurst Parish Church on 22 April 1903, to Katherine, daughter of Harry Chubb, Chiselhurst.³ He *d.* at Balnakielly on Monday 2 August 1926,⁴ and was father of :

2f) Francis Keir Balfour of Kindrogan, *b.* on 29 April 1905, and succeeded to the lands of Kindrogan. He *m.* at Sunninghill, near Ascot, on 15 December, 1932, to Katherine Augusta, only daughter of Major Sir George Alexander Dolby,⁵ and *dsp* on 3 November, 1974.

2f) Patrick Small Keir Balfour, *b.* on 10 September, 1910, and *m.* at the Savoy Chapel, London, on 1 February, 1936, to Lila Camila, daughter of Basil Edward Spicer, Avalon, Purley.⁶ He *d.* in 1967, and was father of :

2g) Robert William Keir Balfour, *b.* on 28 April, 1942, and *m.* on 8 August, 1964, to Evelyn Mary Douglas.

He has issue :

2h) Michael Patrick Keir Balfour, *b.* on 8 August 1965.

2h) Melanie Mary Camilla Balfour, *b.* in 1967.

2h) Carolyn Mary Joan Balfour, *b.* in 1969.

2h) Amanda Mary Lorraine Balfour, *b.* in 1974.

2g) Mary Camilla Balfour, *b.* on 21 November 1937, and *d.* unmarried on 29 June 1963.

¹ Statutory record.

² Statutory record. See also: SC20/50/91.

³ Statutory record. See also: The Globe, 24th April 1903, edition.

⁴ Statutory record. See also: The Scotsman, 4th August 1926, edition.

⁵ Statutory record. See also: The Bystander, 6th April 1932, edition.

⁶ Statutory record. See also: Dundee Courier, 1st February 1936, edition.

2g) Frances Norah Balfour, *b.* on 6 February 1941, and
m. on 15 November, 1965 to Hugh Manning
Tregarthen. They have issue.

2g) Sheila Katherine Balfour, *b.* on 13 March 1946, and
m. first, in 1966, to Ian Owen Sikorki, from whom
she was divorced in 1975. She *m.* Secondly, in 1989,
to Ronald Lelie Patterson.

2f) Katherine Amelia Balfour, *b.* on 13 May 1907.

2e) Keir William Balfour, *b.* on 9 December 1869, and spent his
early years as a rancher in Canada. He returned to Scotland and
m. at Dysart House on 12 April 1910, to Mary, daughter of Sir
Michael Nairn, Baronet, of Rankeillour and Dysart House.¹ He
dsp on 10 September 1941, from a siezure while out shooting.²

2d) James Bower Balfour, *b.* at Edinburgh on 22 May 1831, entered the
Royal Navy and served as Lieutenant onboard the HMS Tartar. He *m.*
at St. John's, Newfoundland, on 9 August 1859, to Martha Maria,
second daughter of G. H. Emerson, Q.C.,³ (she *d.* at St. John's,
Newfoundland, on 5 April 1863, aged 26 years⁴), and *d.* onbroad the
yaucht, "Themis" on 5 November 1864.⁵ He was father of :

3e) Margaret Georgina McLean Balfour, *m.* at St. John's,
Newfoundland, on 6 June 1885, to Thomas Mieres Percival of
Towcester.⁶

2c) Amelia Balfour, *bap.* at Edinburgh on 3 January 1790, and *m.* on 6 June
1808, to Sir Neil Menzies, 6th Baronet of Menzies,⁷ (he survived her and *m.*
secondly at Cranston, on 24 November 1816, to Grace Charlotte, daughter of
Fletcher Norton, *d.* on 20 August 1844), and *d.* on 1 November 1810. They
had issue.

¹ Statutory record. See also: St Andrew's Citizen, 16th April 1910, edition.

² Dundee Courier, 11th September 1941, edition.

³ Edinburgh Evening Courant. 10th September 1859, edition.

⁴ Fife Herald. 14th May 1863, edition.

⁵ Fife Herald. 9th March 1865, edition.

⁶ Northampton Mercury. 27th June 1885, edition.

⁷ OPR – Weem.

- 2b) Elizabeth Balfour, *b.* on 3 July, 1742, *m.* on 15 August, 1762, to Mr William Lindsay of Feddinch,¹ and had issue.
- 2b) Barbara Balfour,
- 2a) John Balfour, was served heir to Captain William Crawford of Powmiln on 24 August 1731, and to his brother Robert Balfour, son of Colonel John Balfour, late of Fernie, on 10 March 1738. He *d.* at Edinburgh on 8 February 1767,² and was father of :
- 2b) Charles Crawford of Powmiln, succeeded his father and was admitted Episcopal Minister at Musselburgh. He *d.* there on 15 May 1778.³
- 2b) John Crawford Balfour of Powmiln, was served heir to his father on 5 March 1779.
- 2b) Wemyss Balfour, *d.* at Donibristle on 5 August 1770.⁴
- 2b) Susan Balfour, *d.* at Edinburgh on 30 September 1810.⁵
- 2a) Robert Balfour, *dsp* prior to 10 March 1738, when his brother John Balfour was retoured his heir.
- 2a) Barbara Balfour, *m.* on 28 November, 1703, John Robertson, younger of Inches.⁶
- 2a) Isobel Balfour, *m.* in 1709, Sir John Malcolm, 2nd Baronet of Lochore, and *d.* on 14 December 1763. They had issue.
3. Henry Balfour of Dunbog, appointed captain in the States service 6 May 1683. He was one of the representatives of Fife in the last Parliament of Scotland, in which he warmly opposed the Treaty of Union and was an active Jacobite during the rising of 1715. He *m.* Elizabeth Oliphant, (she was widow of Mr. George Bannerman of Dunbog by whom she had no issue), and was father of :
- 3a) Henry Balfour of Dunbog, *bap.* at Dunbog on 29 July, 1708, *m.* Katherine Porterfield and *d.* on 31 July, 1764. He was father of :
- 3b) Henry Balfour of Dunbog, *b.* 8 February, 1740, and was retoured heir to his father on 11 September 1765. He *d.* after having been accidentally shot in the head by one of his brothers when at Fort George, in 1776. He was father of :
- 3c) Henry Balfour, was a natural son by Ann Henderson. He was *bap.* at Dunbog on 9 December, 1762.

¹ OPR – St. Andrews Episcopal Register.

² Caledonian Mercury, 23rd February 1767, edition.

³ Caledonian Mercury, 16th May 1778, edition.

⁴ Scots Magazine, 1st August 1770, edition.

⁵ Scots Magazine, 1st September 1810, edition.

⁶ OPR – Edinburgh.

- 3b) Walter Balfour, *b.* in February of 1743, and became a Writer in the East India Company.
- 3b) Nisbet Balfour of Dunbog, *b.* 20 January, 1744. He led a distinguished military career having served in the American wars, and as aide-de-camp to the King, then raised to General. He *d.* unmarried on 16 October 1823.
- 3b) Robert Balfour, *b.* on 13 July 1745.
- 3b) David Balfour, *b.* on 25 December 1746.
- 3b) George Balfour, *bap.* at Dunbog on 13 January 1756.
- 3b) Sinclair Balfour, *bap.* at Dunbog on 22 April, 1757.
- 3b) Charles Balfour,
- 3b) Janet Balfour,
- 3b) Emily Balfour, a twin with Janet. Both were *bap.* at Dunbog on 19 November, 1750. She *m.* Francis Balfour of Fernie, and had issue.
- 3b) Margaret Balfour, *bap.* at Dunbog on 29 December, 1753.
- 3b) Elizabeth Balfour, *m.* at Dunbog on 30 October, 1765, Mr Thomas Boswell, Writer in Edinburgh.¹
- 3b) Eupham Balfour, *d.* unmarried in 1829.
- 3b) Jean Balfour, all of whom are included in a Bond of Provision by their father on 31 January, 1765. She *m.* at Edinburgh on 3 October, 1791, Captain Thomas Inglis.²
- 3b) Anne Stewart Balfour, *m.* at Dunbog 3 April, 1791, Robert Stewart of St. Fort and Castle Stewart, and had issue which assumed the surname of Balfour.
- 3a) David Balfour, *dsp* prior to 4 July, 1730.
- 3a) Robert Balfour, who *dsp* and to whom his brother Henry Balfour was served heir on 4 July 1730.
- 3a) Elizabeth Balfour, *m.* at Edinburgh on 4 June, 1710, George Paterson of Dunmure.³
- 3a) Amelia Balfour, *m.* at Dunbog on 12 October, 1729, David Clephane of Carselogle, and had issue.
- 3a) Margaret Balfour, *bap.* at Dunbog on 16 January, 1696.
- 3a) Eupham Balfour, *b.* in 1706.
- 3a) Katherine Balfour, *bap.* at Dunbog on 5 September, 1713.
- 3a) Wilhelmina Balfour, *bap.* at Dunbog on 24 October, 1716.

¹ OPR – Dunbog.

² OPR See also Scots Magazine. 1st October 1791, edition.

³ OPR – Edinburgh.

4. Margaret Balfour, *m.* in November 1670, Andrew, 3rd Lord Rollo, (he *d.* on 4 March 1701), and *d.* on 20 October 1734. They had issue.
5. Isabel Balfour, *d.* unmarried.
6. Emilia Balfour, *m.* Sir John Malcolm, 1st Baronet of Lochore and Innertiel. She *d.* on 12 January 1732, aged about seventy-four.
7. Jean Balfour, *m.*, firstly, George Oliphant, 4th of Gask, (*c/m* 26 April, 1684. He was widow of Anna, daughter of John Malcolm of Balbedie, whom he had *m.* on 1 July, 1681. He *d.* on 7 September 1684), and had issue. She *m.* secondly, in May of 1688, Sir Robert Douglas of Kirkness, and had issue.
8. Susan Balfour, *m.* Robert Douglas of Strathendry.
9. Anne Balfour, *b.* on 10 March 1670, and is said to have *m.* Captain Robert Sinclair.

ROBERT, 4TH LORD BALFOUR OF BURLEIGH, *bap.* at Dysart on 25 November, 1651, and *m.* Margaret, eldest daughter of George, 1st Earl of Melville, by his wife Catherine Leslie. He was father of :

1. Robert, 5th Lord Balfour of Burleigh, (*see below*).
2. Margaret Balfour. On 2 September 1723 the estates of Burleigh, which had been forfeited under the attainder of her uncle, John Balfour of Ferny, were sold to her by public roup. They were in her possession in 1747, but were afterwards sold. She *d.* unmarried at Edinburgh on 12 March 1769,¹ aged eighty-four, and was buried in Canongate Church, Edinburgh.
3. Mary Balfour, *m.*, in 1714, Alexander Bruce of Kennet, and *d.* at Kerse 7 November 1758. They had issue from which the present Lord Balfour of Burleigh is lineally descended.

ROBERT, 5TH LORD BALFOUR OF BURLEIGH, *b.* in 1687. When a young man he fell in love with the governess of his sisters, Miss Robertson, on account of which he was sent to travel, and she was dismissed. Before going he threatened that if she married anyone else he would kill her husband. She *m.* Henry Stenhouse, Schoolmaster at Inverkeithing.

When he returned home, he put his threat into execution and shot Stenhouse in the midst of his scholars. He was tried on 4 August 1709, and sentenced on 29 November following to be beheaded but escaped from prison the day before his execution, by exchanging clothes with his sister. He was present at the meeting at Lochmaben 24 May 1714, when

¹ Caledonian Mercury. 13th March 1769, edition.

the Pretender's health was publicly drunk at the cross, and he was out in the rising of the next year. For this he, along with eighteen other Scottish Peers, was attainted and his estate and honours were forfeited to the Crown. He *dsp* in September of 1757.

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